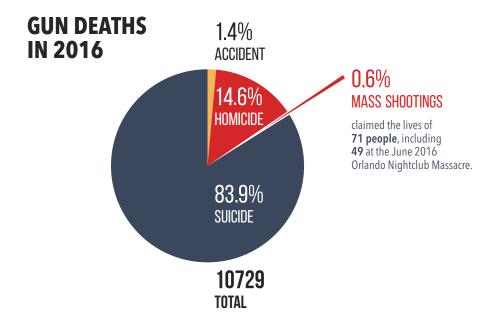
## GAINING PERSPECTIVE ON GUN DEATHS IN THE U.S.

According to data from the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) the majority (over 83% in 2016) of gun deaths each year are due to suicide, not homicide<sup>1</sup>, and a very small fraction of them are fatalities in Mass Shootings.<sup>2</sup>



## **MORE CONCERNING STATISTICS**

In over half of the mass shootings in the past 35 years, the perpetrator had prior signs of mental illness. Which, taken in conjunction with fact that the weapons used by these perpetrators were largely legally obtained, supports the argument for increased gun safety policies and measures rather than greater restrictions on gun ownership in general.<sup>3</sup>

## OF PERPETRATORS OF MASS SHOOTINGS IN THE U.S. 1982-2018

54.1%
HAD PRIOR SIGNS OF MENTAL ILLNESS

71.4%
HAD LEGALLY OBTAINED WEAPONS

## **TAKING ACTION**

A recent survey by *The New England Journal of Medicine* shows support from the majority of gun owners for responsible courses of action include supporting increased gun safety policies and seeking to prohibit certain dangerous persons from having guns.<sup>4,5</sup>



REQUIRE BACKGROUND CHECKS

for *all* gun sales and improve reporting system, including from mental health care providers



IMPROVE OVERSIGHT

of gun dealers and impose harsher consequences for violations



PROHIBIT OWNERSHIP

for those with mental illnesses and violators of domestic-violence restraining orders

- Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, National Center for Health Statistics. Compressed Mortality File 1999-2016 Series 20 No. 2V, 2017, as compiled from data provided by the 57 vital statistics jurisdictions through the Vital Statistics Cooperative Program, wonder.cdc.gov/cmf-icd10.html. Accessed on March 10, 2018.
- US Mass Shootings, 1982-2018: Data From Mother Jones' Investigation, www.motherjones.com/politics/2012/12/mass shootings-mother-jones-full-data. Accessed April 1, 2018.
- 3. la
- "Two years after Newtown-public opinion on gun policy revisited", Preventive Medicine, 19 May 2015, by Colleen L. Barry, Emma E. McGinty, Jon S. Vernick, Daniel W. Webster. Accessed at April 5, 2018 at www.journals.elsevier.com/preventive-medicine.
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